## INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United Nations (UN)</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conference on Disarmament (CD)</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty Organization Preparatory Commission</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## TREATIES & AGREEMENTS

### Nuclear:

- **Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty (NPT)**: State Party
- **Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty (CTBT)**: State Party
- **Partial Test Ban Treaty (PTBT)**: State Party
- **IAEA Safeguards Agreement**: Yes (INFCIRC 376)
- **IAEA Additional Protocol**: In Force 9/17/2012
- **Nuclear Safety Convention**: State Party
- **Joint Spent Fuel Management Convention**: State Party
- **Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material**: State Party
- **Amendment to the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material (2005)**: State Party
- **Southeast Asian Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone (SEANWFZ) Treaty (Bangkok Treaty)**: State Party
- **Antarctic Treaty**: State Party

### Chemical & Biological:

- **Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)**: State Party
- **Biological and Toxin Weapons Convention (BTWC)**: State Party
- **BTWC Confidence Building Measures (CBMs)**: Never Submitted
- **Geneva Protocol**: State Party

### WMD delivery systems:

- **Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation**: State Party
- **Proliferation Security Initiative**: State Party

## NONPROLIFERATION EXPORT CONTROL REGIMES

- **Zangger Committee**: State Party
- **Nuclear Suppliers Group**: State Party
- **Australia Group**: State Party
- **Missile Technology Control Regime**: State Party
- **Wassenaar Arrangement**: State Party
- **Security Council resolution 1540**: Report submitted 10/26/04
- **Add. 1 submitted 12/12/05**: Report submitted 03/07/08

## COUNTER-TERRORISM CONVENTIONS & OBLIGATIONS

- **Security Council resolution 1373 (2001)**: Report submitted 02/22/06
- **Security Council resolution 1267 (1999) and 1455 (2003)**: Report submitted 10/16/03
- **Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism**: State Party
- **Suppression of Terrorist Bombings**: State Party

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*Inventory of International Nonproliferation Organizations and Regimes
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Marking of Plastic Explosives for the Purpose of Detection

Against the Taking of Hostages

Offences and Certain Other Acts Committed on Board Aircraft

Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft

Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation

Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Maritime Navigation

Protocol on the Suppression of Unlawful Acts of Violence at Airports Serving International Civil Aviation

State Party

Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Maritime Navigation

State Party

Protocol for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Fixed Platforms Located on the Continental Shelf

State Party

Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents

State Party

Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism

State Party

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1 The **Status** of a State’s participation in treaties and organizations is defined by the actions the State has taken to join and adhere to their obligations. A **Signatory State** is a State whose competent authority or representative has signed a Treaty text, thus indicating acceptance of the Treaty and a commitment not to undertake any actions that would undermine the purpose of the Treaty, according to the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties. However, the Treaty does not enter into force for the State until it is ratified, at which point the State becomes a **State Party**. To complete the ratification process, the State must fulfill and implement domestic legislative practices, such as gaining formal approval from parliament or other legislative bodies, to bring about the legal application of the Treaty. The Treaty is then formally declared to be applicable on the State Party and the required legal instrument of ratification is duly deposited with the depositary.

2 Ratification required for entry into force.

3 A set of voluntary confidence building measures agreed to at the Second Review Conference of the States party to the BTWC (1986) under Article V.

4 Vietnam has never submitted a BTWC CBM report.

