### INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>Status</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United Nations (UN)</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conference on Disarmament (CD)</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)</td>
<td>Member</td>
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<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty Organization Preparatory Commission</td>
<td>Member</td>
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### TREATIES & AGREEMENTS

#### Nuclear:
- Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty (NPT) | State Party
- Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty (CTBT) | State Party
- Partial Test Ban Treaty (PTBT) | State Party
- IAEA Safeguards Agreement | In force (INFCIRC 435)
- IAEA Additional Protocol | Submitted
- Nuclear Safety Convention | State Party
- Joint Spent Fuel Management Convention | State Party
- Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material | State Party
- Amendment to the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material (2005) | Submitted
- Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Tlatelolco Treaty) | State Party
- Antarctic Treaty | State Party

#### Chemical & Biological:
- Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) | State Party
- Biological and Toxin Weapons Convention (BTWC) | State Party
- BTWC Confidence Building Measures (CBMs) | Submitted
- Geneva Protocol | State Party

#### WMD delivery systems:
- Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation | Submitted

#### Other:
- Proliferation Security Initiative | Submitted

### NONPROLIFERATION EXPORT CONTROLS

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Organization</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zangger Committee</td>
<td>Submitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nuclear Suppliers Group</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia Group</td>
<td>Submitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missile Technology Control Regime</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wassenaar Arrangement</td>
<td>Submitted</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| Security Council resolution 1540 | Report submitted 10/29/04
Add.1 submitted 09/22/05
Corr.1 submitted 09/22/05
Add.2 submitted 03/17/06

### COUNTER-TERRORISM CONVENTIONS & OBLIGATIONS

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<tr>
<th>Convention</th>
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The Status of a State’s participation in treaties and organizations is defined by the actions the State has taken to join and adhere to their obligations. A Signatory State is a State whose competent authority or representative has signed a Treaty text, thus indicating acceptance of the Treaty and a commitment not to undertake any actions that would undermine the purpose of the Treaty, according to the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties. However, the Treaty does not enter into force for the State until it is ratified, at which point the State becomes a State Party. To complete the ratification process, the State must fulfill and implement domestic legislative practices, such as gaining formal approval from parliament or other legislative bodies, to bring about the legal application of the Treaty. The Treaty is then formally declared to be applicable on the State Party and the required legal instrument of ratification is duly deposited with the depositary.

Membership requires ratification of the Chemical Weapons Convention.

Brazil’s ratification required for the CTBT to enter into force.

A set of voluntary confidence building measures agreed to at the Second Review Conference of the States party to the BTWC (1986) under Article V.


